Accreditation Standard ISO/IEC 17025: 2005

Certificate Number CC-2497 Page 1 of 4

Validity 26.12.2017 to 25.12.2019 Last Amended on 11.12.2018

SI.	Quantity Measured / Instrument	Range/Frequency	*Calibration Measurement Capability (±)	Remarks			
	ELECTRO-TECHNICAL CALIBRATION						
I.	SOURCE						
1.	DC Voltage #	1 m V to 10V 10 V to 1000 V	7.6 % to 1.6% 0.16 %	Using 5½ Digit Zeal MFC By Direct Method			
2.	DC Current#	1mA to 1A 1A to 10 A	0.73 %	Using 5½ Digit Zeal MFC By Direct Method			
		10 A to 100 A 100 A to 900 A	1.34 % to 1.00%	Using Current Coil			
3.	AC Voltage#	50 Hz 5mV to 1 V 1V to 1000 V	1.90% to 0.79% 0.79% to 0.26%	Using 5½ Digit Zeal MFC By Direct Method			
4.	AC Current [#]	50 Hz 1 mA to 1 A 1A to 10 A	0.8% to 1.06% 1.06% to 0.32%	Using 5½ Digit Zeal MFC By Direct Method			
		10 A to 900 A	1.28%	Using Current Coil			
5.	DC Resistance [#] (2 Wire & 4 Wire)	1 Ω to 1000 Ω 1 ΚΩ to 1ΜΩ 1ΜΩ to 1000 ΜΩ	1.01 % to 0.3% 0.3% to 0.58% 0.58% to 2.37%	Using Decade Resistance Zeal By Direct Method			
6.	Frequency [#]	45 Hz to 1000 Hz	0.60 % to 0.06%	Using 5½ Digit Zeal MFC By Direct Method			
7.	Temperature Simulation [#] RTD - PT-100 J Type K Type T Type	(-)200°C to 800°C (-)100°C to 750°C (-)100°C to 1300°C (-)100°C to 350°C	1.0°C 1.1°C 1.27°C 1.1°C	Using Universal Calibrator By Direct Method			

Mamta Bharti Convenor

Accreditation Standard ISO/IEC 17025: 2005

Certificate Number CC-2497 Page 2 of 4

Validity 26.12.2017 to 25.12.2019 Last Amended on 11.12.2018

SI.	Quantity Measured / Instrument	Range/Frequency	*Calibration Measurement Capability (±)	Remarks
<u></u>	R Type S Type	300°C to 1750°C 300°C to 1750°C	1.77°C 1.77°C	
II.	MEASURE			
1.	DC Current [#]	2 mA to 20 mA	0.7% to 0.12%	Using Universal Calibrator By Direct Method
2.	Time [#] (Stop Watch)	20 s to 3600 s	6 s	Using Digital Stop Watch By Comparison Method

Mamta Bharti Convenor

Accreditation Standard ISO/IEC 17025: 2005

Certificate Number CC-2497 Page 3 of 4

Validity 26.12.2017 to 25.12.2019 **Last Amended on 11.12.2018**

SI.	Quantity Measured / Instrument	Range/Frequency	*Calibration Measurement Capability (±)	Remarks			
	MECHANICAL CALIBRATION						
I.	PRESSURE INDICATI						
1.	Hydraulic Pressure- Analog /Digital Pressure Gauge [#]	0 to 700 bar	0.42 bar	Using Digital Pressure Gauge, Hydraulic pump Based on DKD-R-6-1			
2.	Pneumatic Pressure- Analog /Digital Pressure Gauge [#]	0 to 30 bar	0.08 bar	Using Digital Pressure Gauge, Pneumatic Pump Based on DKD-R-6-1			
3.	Pneumatic Pressure- Analogue/ Digital Low Pressure Gauge, Digital Manometer [#]	0 to 1000 mbar	1.17 mbar	Using Digital Pressure Calibrator Using Low Pressure Polltech Air Pump, Based on DKD-R-6-1			

Mamta Bharti Convenor

Accreditation Standard ISO/IEC 17025: 2005

Certificate Number CC-2497 Page 4 of 4

Validity 26.12.2017 to 25.12.2019 **Last Amended on 11.12.2018**

SI.	Quantity Measured / Instrument	Range/Frequency	*Calibration Measurement Capability (±)	Remarks			
	THERMAL CALIBRATION						
] I.	TEMPERATURE						
1.	RTD/PT-100/ Thermocouples With or Without Indicator, Temperature Gauge #	50°C to 200 °C	1.20 °C	Using 4 Wire RTD & Read Unit Universal Calibrator By Comparison Method			
		200°C to 1000°C	3.2°C	Using R Type Thermocouple & Read Unit Universal Calibrator By Comparison Method			
2.	Indicator of Oven / Furnace/Baths at Single Specified Position#	50°C to 200 °C	1.20 °C	Using 4 Wire RTD & Read Unit Universal Calibrator By Comparison Method			
		200°C to 1000°C	3.2°C	Using R Type Thermocouple & Read Unit Universal Calibrator By Comparison Method			
II.	SPECIFIC HEAT & HUMIDITY						
1.	Digital Thermo- Hygrometers, Humidity Indicators ^{\$}	20 % RH to 90% RH @ 25°C 10 °C to 50°C @ 50% RH	2.8 % RH 0.8 °C	Using Digital Thermo- hygrometers and Humidity Chambers By Comparison Method			

^{*} Measurement Capability is expressed as an uncertainty (±) at a confidence probability of 95%

Mamta Bharti **Avijit Das Program Manager** Convenor

^{*}Only in Permanent Laboratory

*The laboratory is also capable for site calibration however, the uncertainty at site depends on the prevailing actual environmental conditions and master equipment used.